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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,638	02/27/2004	David L. Bender	Solaicx 4 US	9160
36743 7590 11/29/2007 WOODSIDE IP GROUP P.O. BOX 61047			EXAMINER	
			RAO, G NAGESH	
PALO ALTO, O	CA 94306		ART UNIT .	PAPER NUMBER
			1792	
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/29/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/789,638	BENDER, DAVID L.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
·	G. Nagesh Rao	1792
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) Thi  3) Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final. ance except for formal ma	·
Disposition of Claims		
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-34 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-34 are subject to restriction and/or	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and acceptable acceptable and acceptable acceptable and acceptable acceptable and acceptable accep	cepted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyont on is required if the drawing	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		`
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Its have been received in prity documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-11, 14-16, 18, 19, 20, 26-33 drawn to an apparatus CZ system for growing a single crystal ingot from a molten crystalline material, classified in class 117, subclass 13.
- II. Claims 12-13, drawn to a crucible for use in a CZ system, classified in class 117, subclass 213.
- III. Claims 17 and 34, drawn to single crystal product, classified in class 423, subclass 345.
- IV. Claims 21-25, drawn to a pre-melter device, classified in class117, subclass 52.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and III are related as apparatus and product made. The inventions in this relationship are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the apparatus as claimed is not an obvious apparatus

Vernoulli apparatus systems.

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for making the product and the apparatus can be used for making a materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different apparatus (MPEP § 806.05(g)). In this case the product is not defined as being created only via the apparatus as set forth in Group I but is capable of being manufactured via other CZ or

Inventions II and III are related as apparatus and product made. The inventions in this relationship are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the apparatus as claimed is not an obvious apparatus for making the product and the apparatus can be used for making a materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different apparatus (MPEP § 806.05(g)). In this case the product is not defined as being created only via the apparatus as set forth in Group II but is capable of being manufactured via crucible-less apparatus systems.

Inventions IV and III are related as apparatus and product made. The inventions in this relationship are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the apparatus as claimed is not an obvious apparatus for making the product and the apparatus can be used for making a

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materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different apparatus (MPEP § 806.05(g)). In this case the product is not defined as being created only via the apparatus as set forth in Group IV but is capable of being manufactured without necessarily using a pre-melter device apparatus system.

Inventions I, II, and IV are related as subcombinations disclosed as usable together in a single combination. The subcombinations are distinct if they do not overlap in scope and are not obvious variants, and if it is shown that at least one subcombination is separately usable. In the instant case, subcombinations II has separate utility such as being a crucible that is capable of being utilized for crystalline or non-crystalline material formation. Subcombination IV is the same as a pre-melter device separately claimed from the system claims of I and III does not necessarily have to be limited in its use for CZ crystalline formation systems. Finally subcombinations I and III relay similar information regarding the fabrication of crystalline materials via an improved CZ system, but as the claims are being treated as apparatus claims therefore what product results or method is implemented for operation is irrelevant due to it being no more than just recitation of intended use See MPEP § 806.05(d).

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The examiner has required restriction between subcombinations usable together. Where applicant elects a subcombination and claims thereto are subsequently found allowable, any claim(s) depending from or otherwise requiring all the limitations of the allowable subcombination will be examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. See MPEP § 821.04(a). Applicant is advised that if any claim presented in a continuation or divisional application is anticipated by, or includes all the limitations of, a claim that is allowable in the present application, such claim may be subject to provisional statutory and/or nonstatutory double patenting rejections over the claims of the instant application.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions require a different field of

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search (see MPEP § 808.02), restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

A telephone call was made to Michael Hetherington on 11/27/07 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

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Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such

evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious

variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance,

if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art,

the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a)

of the other invention.

reached on 9AM-5PM.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to G. Nagesh Rao whose telephone number is (571) 272-2946. The examiner can normally be

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on (571)272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status

information for published applications may be obtained from either Private

PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is

available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access

to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at

866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO

Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

**GNR** 

/Robert Kunemund/

Robert Kunemund

Primary Examiner

TC 1700